

## **Independent schools**

## Jurisdiction specific comments

- Unlike government schools or systemic Catholic schools, the majority of independent schools operate autonomously. These schools do not rely on central bureaucracies or bodies and are separately accountable to their parent and school communities. Government departments and systemic authorities cover many costs that are not borne directly by their schools but are borne directly by independent schools. Generally, significant items such as permanent staff salaries, buildings, major maintenance, compliance and support/advice costs are carried by departments or systemic authorities. Independent school income not only covers the education of students but is also required to cover the management of a not-for-profit business including governance, legal, compliance, debt servicing, employment relations, human resources and professional development costs. In comparing the resources available to schools across sectors, it is important to consider the different operational nature of schools and the different cost structures faced by independent schools.
- The My School website shows capital expenditure by source. For independent schools, on average around 80 percent of funds (income) for capital developments such as school buildings, grounds and equipment are contributed by parents and the school community. As part of their resource structure, independent schools need to raise sufficient revenue to meet current and future demands for capital expenditure. It should be noted that for the period 2009 2012 the Federal Government's stimulus package will inject significant additional capital funding for schools across all sectors.
- As noted for some Government and Catholic jurisdictions, there are some Independent schools where Year 1 minus 2 (pre-school) costs and enrolments have been included where they could not be accurately be separated from school financial data.
- A notional amount has been recorded against both recurrent income and capital expenditure for 2009 for each independent school that represents the annual administrative cost incurred by Block Grant Authorities in administering Australian Government Capital Grant Programs and State Government capital grant programs for Queensland independent schools. This recognises that these schools may be in planning, design, or construction activities for projects which can go over a number of years and not just related to one year.
- In January 2011, ACARA, DEEWR and the independent sector worked collaboratively to resolve an issue about the treatment of debt. The methodology was revised to remove the potential for double counting debt servicing in Income deductions to arrive at the net recurrent income figure. The technical aspects of this approach are outlined in the Methodology link of the school finance pages.
- There will be limitations in the comparability of the financial data across schools and systems due to the methodology adopted. The agreed methodology was recognised to have I limitations and these were recognised in the Deloitte Letters of Accounting.